

MODEL NO. : _	1M190MCS01	
SSUED DATE: _	2011/08/28	
VERSION :	1.1	

□ Preliminary Specification

■Final Product Specification

Customer:					
Approved by	Notes				

### **SHANGHAI AVIC Confirmed:**

Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by
James xiao	Haijun he	Xiaoping sun

This technical specification is subjected to change without notice



# CO-Q/S1014-2011

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# RECORD OF REVISION

Rev	Issued Date	Description	Editor
1.0	2011-02-20	Preliminary Release	Wei Zhang
1.1	2011-08-28	Modify view angle from L/R/U/D:45/45/45/25 to 45/45/25/45; Final Release; t5 >200ms change to t5 >500ms; Add Reliability test	James xiao



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# 1. OUTLINE

### 1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

TM190MCS01 module is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight. The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. PC, signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays. The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

### 1.2 APPLICATIONS

Monitor for PC

#### 1.3 FEATURES

- a-Si TFT active matrix
- LVDS interface
- R.G.B input 8bit, 16.7 millions colors
- Resolution WXGA+ (1,440× 900 pixels)
- Wide viewing angle 45°/45° (L/R); 25°/45° (U/D)
- High contrast ratio 600:1
- Module size 428.0 (H)  $\times$ 278.0 (V)  $\times$ 12.5 (D) mm
- Fast response time (Ton+ Toff= 5 ms)
- High gamut (72%)
- Edge light type backlight (2CCFL Lamps)
- Inverter less
- RoHS compliance
- TCO 5.0 compliance



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# 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	408.24 (H) × 255.15 (V) mm (typ.)		
Diagonal size of display	48.1 cm		
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display color	16.7 M colors (6bit+ Hi-FRC)		
Pixel	1,440 (H) × 900(V) pixels		
Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Dot pitch	0.0945 (H) × 0.2835(V) mm		
Pixel pitch	0.2835 (H) × 0.2835 (V) mm		
Module size	428.0 (H) ×278.0 (V) ×12.5 (D) mm		
Weight	1.9KG		
Contrast ratio	600 :1 (typ.)		
Viewing angle	90°/ 70° (typ.)		
Color gamut	72 % (typ.)		
Response time	5 ms (typ.)		
Luminance	200 cd/m <sup>2</sup> (typ.)		
Transmissive Mode	Normally White		
Surface Treatment	Anti Glare		
Signal system	LVDS 2port		
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 5.0V		
Backlight	2CCFL Lamps		
Power consumption	(16.0W) (Typ.)		



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### 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power	Power voltage	VDD	-0.3 ~ +6.0	V	Ta = 25°C
supply voltage	Lamp voltage	V <sub>BLH</sub>	666 ~ 814	Vrms	Ta = 25°C
Input	voltage for signals	Vi	-0.3 ~ +3.3	V	Ta = 25°C
Lamp current		I <sub>BL</sub>	3.0~8.0	mArms	Ta = 25°C For each lamp
Lamp (	Lamp Oscillation frequency		30~80	kHz	Ta = 25°C
Sto	Storage temperature		-20 ~ +60	°C	Note 3
Operating temperature		Тор	0 ~ +50	°C	Note 3, 4
Absolute humidity		AH	≤ 70	g/m <sup>3</sup>	Ta > 50°C
0	Operating altitude		≤ 4,850	m	0°C≤ Ta≤ 50°C
Storage altitude		-	≤ 13,600	m	-20°C≤ Ta≤ 60°C

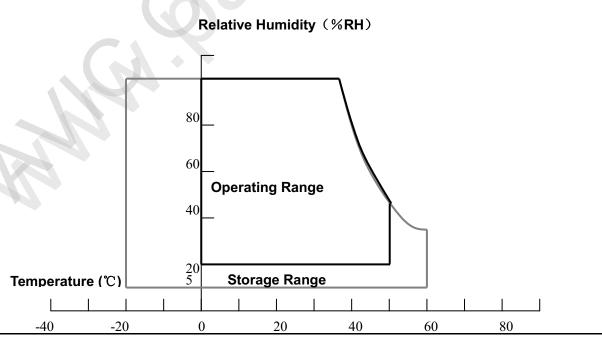
Note1: Display signals are DA0+/-, DA1+/-, DA2+/-, DA3+/-, CKA+/-, DB0+/-, DB1+/-, DB2+/-, DB3+/-, and CKB+/-.

Note2: Function signal is MSL.

Note3: Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90%RH Max. (Ta≤ 40°C)
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be39°C Max. (Ta> 40°C)
- (c) No condensation.

Note4: The temperature of panel display surface area should be 0°C Min and 60°C Max.



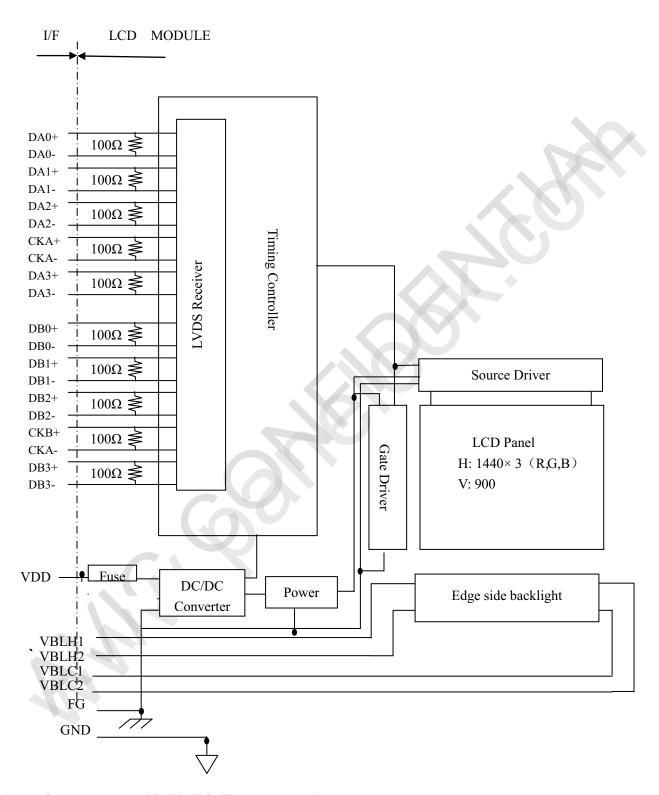
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# 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note: System ground (GND), FG (Frame ground) in the product should be connected together in customer equipment.





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# 5. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification			
Module size	428.0± 0.5 (W) × 278.0 ± 0.5 (H) × 12.5± 0.5 (D)	mm		
Display area	408.24(H) × 255.15(V) mm (typ.), [48.1 cm]	mm		
Weight	1.9 (typ.)	kg		



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### 6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### **6.1 DRIVING FOR LCD**

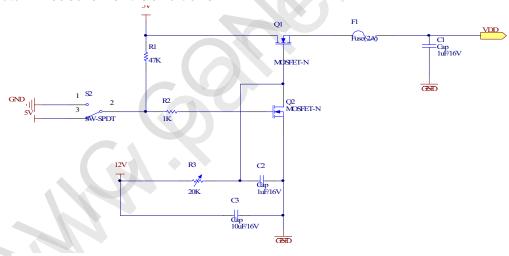
Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VDD	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
Power supply current		IDD		700	1000	mA	at VDD = 5.0V
Power supply current		טטו	-	Note1	Note 2	ША	at VDD = 5.0V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRP	-	ı	200	mV	VDD
Differential input voltage		Vid	200		600	mV	
Differential input threshold	Low	VTL	-100	ı	-	mV	at VCM = 1.2V
voltage for LVDS receiver	High	VTH	-	-	100	mV	Note3
Input voltage width for LVDS		Vi	0		3.3	V	
receiver		VI	U		5.5	V	-
Terminating resistor		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Rush current	•	I <sub>rush</sub>	-		3.0	Α	Note4

Note 1: Black pattern

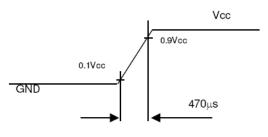
Note 2: 1H1V dot inverse pattern

Note 3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

Note4: Measurement Conditions:



### Vcc rising time is 470μs





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### 6.2 DRIVING FOR BACKLIGHT

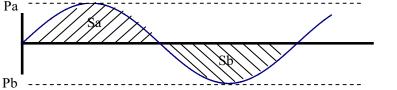
(Ta=25°C) Note1

Parameter	Symbo	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Lamp voltage (for reference)	V <sub>BLH</sub>	-	740	-	Vrms	For each lamp
Lamp current	I <sub>BL</sub>	3.0	7.5	8.0	mArms	at L = 200cd/ m2
Lamp starting voltage	VS	1680	1	-	Vrms	Ta = 0°C Note2 Note3
Note1	VS	1460	ı	-	VIIIIS	Ta =25°C Note2 Note3
Lamp operating lifetime	Hr	-	50000	-	Hour	Note5
Oscillation frequency	FO	30	50	80	kHz	Note4

Note1: The backlight of this product is made up of 4 lamps. The specification above is only for one lamp.

Note2: The voltage timing cycle of each lamp should be set as the same phase. [Vs] and [VBLH] is the voltage between the high port and low port, the value is the characteristic of lamp. The starting voltage of inverter should be higher than the value. The possibility of not lighting exists by the lower voltage, so the suitable voltage should considered by the test.

Note3: The asymmetric ratio of working waveform for lamps (Lamp voltage peak ratio, Lamp current peak ratio and waveform area ratio) should be less than 5% (See the following figure). If the waveform is asymmetric, DC (Direct current) element applies into the lamp. In this case, a lamp lifetime may be shortened, because a distribution of a lamp enclosure substance inclines toward one side between low voltage terminal (Cold terminal) and high voltage terminal (Hot terminal).



$$|Pa - Pb| / Pb \times 100 \le 5\%$$
  
 $|Sa - Sb| / Sb \times 100 \le 5\%$ 

Pa: Supply voltage/current peak for positive, Pb: Supply voltage/current peak for negative

Sa: Waveform space for positive part, Sb: Waveform space for negative part

Note4: In case "FO" is not the recommended value, beat noise may display on the screen, because of interference between "FO" and "1/th". Recommended value of "FO" is as following.

$$FO = 1/4 \times 1/th \times (2n-1)$$

Th: Horizontal signal period (See "9.0Timing characteristics".)

n: Natural number (1, 2, 3 .....)

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Note5: Lamp operating lifetime is mean time to half-luminance. In case the product works under room temperature environment.

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### 7. CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

### **7.1 LVDS**

CN1: FI-XB30SSRLA-HF16 (Produced by JAE) or 187007-30091-1( P-TWO)

Pin	Name	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
24	GND	Ground
25	GND	Ground
26	NC	Not connection.
27	GND	Ground
28	VCC	+5.0V power supply
29	VCC	+5.0V power supply
30	VCC	+5.0V power supply





### 7.2 BACKLIGHT

CN201: BHSR-02VS-1/Locking

Adaptable connector: SM02B-BHSS-1-TB

Pin No.	Signal name	Function					
1	VH1	High voltage input terminal for upper lamp (Cable color: Blue)					
2	VL1	Low voltage input terminal for upper lamp (Cable color: Black)					

CN202: BHSR-02VS-1 /Locking

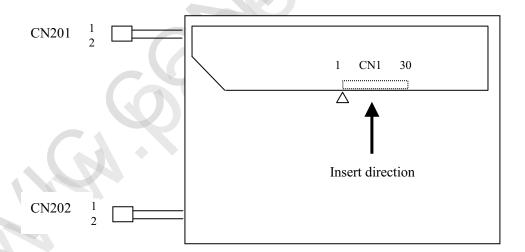
Adaptable connector: SM02B-BHSS-1-TB

Pin No.	Signal name	Function
1	VH2	High voltage input terminal for upper lamp (Cable color: Pink)
2	VL2	Low voltage input terminal for upper lamp (Cable color: White)

Note1: The ports of VDD and GND should be all used. As for the input of LVDS, please use the twisted pair wire of the transmission impedance  $100\Omega$ .

Note2: System ground (GND), FG (Frame ground) and VBLC (Lamp low voltage terminal) in the product should be connected together in customer equipment.

### 7.3 POSITION OF PLUGS AND A SOCKET







### 7.4 CONNECTION BETWEEN RECEIVER AND TRANSMITTER FOR LVDS

				Transı	mitter	l		
	D.1.		_	DS90CF38				CD 74
Input	DATA		pın	equivalent				CN1
	RA0	<b>→</b>	51	TXIN0			pin	Symbol
	RA1	<b>→</b>	52	TXIN1	TA1-	<b>→</b>	1	DA0-
	RA2	$\rightarrow$	54	TXIN2	TA1+	$\rightarrow$	2	DA0+
	RA3	<b>→</b>	55	TXIN3				
	RA4	<b>→</b>	56	TXIN4	TB1-		3	DA1-
	RA5	<b>→</b>	3	TXIN6	TB1+	<b>→</b>	4	DA1+
	GA0	<b>→</b>	4	TXIN7				
	GA1	<b>→</b>	6	TXIN8	TC1-	<b>→</b>	5	DA2-
SIS	GA2	_	7	TXIN9	TC1+	<b>→</b>	6	DA2+
ži	GA3	_	11	TXIN12	101		7	GND
SIS.	GA4	_	12	TXIN13	TCLK1-	_	8	CKA-
· [0	GA5	_	14	TXIN14	TCLK1+	_	9	CKA+
甘	BA0		15	TXIN15	ICLKI.		,	CKA
8		_			TTM		10	DA2
덛	BA1		19	TXIN18	TD1-		10	DA3-
ar	BA2		20	TXIN19	1'ST TD1+	_	11	DA3+
ıta	BA3	_	22	TXIN20				
p	BA4	_	23	TXIN21				
Odd pixel data and control signals	BA5	_	24	TXIN22				
ρij	RSVD	<b>→</b>	27	TXIN24				
p	RSVD	$\rightarrow$	28	TXIN25				
õ	DE	$\rightarrow$	30	TXIN26				
	RA6	$\rightarrow$	50	TXIN27				
	RA7	$\rightarrow$	2	TXIN5				
	GA6	<b>→</b>	8	TXIN10				
	GA7	<b>→</b>	10	TXIN11				
	ВАб	$\rightarrow$	16	TXIN16				
	BA7	<b>→</b>	18	TXIN17				
	RSVD	<b>→</b>	25	TXIN23				
	CLK	<b>→</b>	31	CLKIN				
	RB0	_	51	TXIN0		ŀ		
	RB1	_	52	TXIN1	TA2-	_	12	DB0-
	RB2	_	54	TXIN2	TA2+	_	13	DB0+
	RB3		55	TXIN3	IA2		14	GND
	RB4		56	TXIN4	TB2-		15	DB1-
	RB5	_	3	TXIN4	TB2+	_		
		_			1 <b>D</b> 2 <sup>+</sup>	_	16	DB1+
	GB0	_	4	TXIN7	TCO		17	GND
	GB1		6	TXIN8	TC2-	_	18	DB2-
	GB2		7	TXIN9	TC2+	_	19	DB2+
	GB3		11	TXIN12				
	GB4	_	12	TXIN13	TCLK2-	$\rightarrow$	20	CKB-
ıta	GB5	_	14	TXIN14	TCLK2+	_	21	CKB+
en pixel data	BB0	<b>→</b>	15	TXIN15				
e	BB1	<b>→</b>	19	TXIN18	TD2-	$\rightarrow$	22	DB3-
pix	BB2	<b>→</b>	20	TXIN19	2'nd TD2+	<b>→</b>	23	DB3+
ı,	BB3	$\rightarrow$	22	TXIN20			24	GND
Eve	BB4	-	23	TXIN21			25	GND
ш	BB5	$\rightarrow$	24	TXIN22			26	NC
	RSVD	<b>→</b>	27	TXIN24			27	GND
	RSVD	$\rightarrow$	28	TXIN25			28	VDD
	RSVD	$\rightarrow$	30	TXIN26			29	VDD
	RB6	-	50	TXIN27			30	VDD
	RB7	<b>→</b>	2	TXIN5		Ι '		
	GB6	→	8	TXIN10		l		
	GB7	_	10	TXIN11		l		
	BB6	_	16	TXIN16		l		
	BB7	اسا	18	TXIN17		l		
	RSVD	l	25	TXIN23		l		
	CLK		31	CLKIN		l		
L	CLA	ı →	31	CLIMIN		I		

Note1: The lowest bit (RA0, GA0, BA0, RB0, GB0, BB0), the most upper bit (RA7, GA7, BA7, RB7, GB7, BB7)

Note2:Connecting cable between LCD panel's connector and transmitter should use  $100\Omega$  twisted line.

Note3: If only Hsync and Vsync, the product don't work. Make sure DE signal has been input.



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# 8. DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display in equivalent to 16,777,216 colors in 256 scales. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

D: .								)ata	sig	nal	(	0:L	OW	leve	el,	1:H	ligh	Lev	el)						
Dispi	lay colors	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ō	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Color	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cale	Dark •	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red grayscale					:																	:			
d gr	↓				:					X				:								:			
Rec	Bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>e</u>		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
/sca	Dark <b>∳</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gray					:									:								:			
Green grayscale	<b>↓</b> Bright				•									:								:			
Gre	Diigit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>e</u>	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	Daik ♠	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ıray					:									:								:			
Blue grayscale	<b>↓</b> Bright	0	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	^	^	^	4	4	4	4	:	4	0	4
B	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
		0	U	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	0	U	0	U	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



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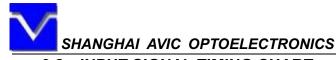
# 9. INTERFACE TIMING

### 9.1 TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

Pa	arameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
		1/tc	37.04	44.45	55.56	MHz	LVDS
	Frequency	tc	27.0	22.50	18.0	ns	transmitter input
Clock	Rise time, Fall time	-		er to the tir	•	ns	
	Duty	-	1	transmitte	r	-	Note 1
	Cyrolo	41-	14.8	18.0	26.5	μs	FF FIGURE (1)
Horizontal signals	Cycle	th	754	800	900	CLK	55.5kHz(typ.)
Signais	Display period	thd		720		CLK	-
Vartical	Cycle	tv	13.3	16.67	20	ms	60.0Hz(typ.)
Vertical signals	Сусіе	ιν	912	926	1100	Н	60.0H2(typ.)
Signais	Display period	tvd		900		Н	-
	Setup time	-	Pofe	r to the tir	mina	ns	
DE/Data	Hold time			er to the tir	•	ns	Note 1
DE, Data	Rise time, Fall time			acteristics of LVDS transmitter		ns	14016-1

Note1: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.



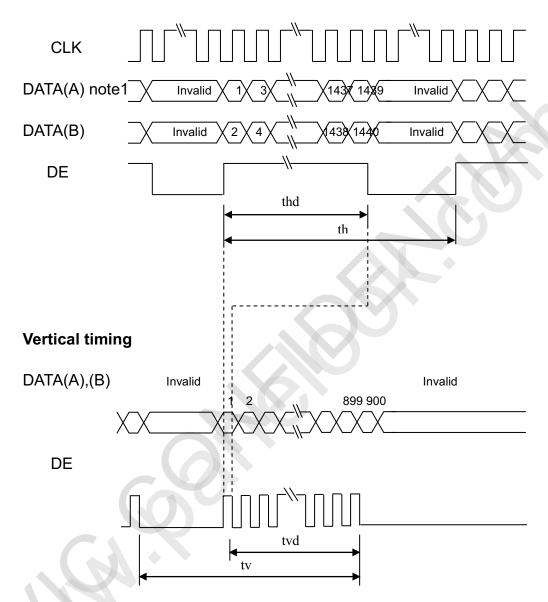


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# **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING CHART**

# **Horizontal timing**



### Note 1:

DATA(A)=RA0-RA7,GA0-GA7,BA0-BA7 DATA(B)=RB0-RB7,GB0-GB7,BB0-BB7





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# 9.3 PIXEL DATA ALIGNMENT OF DISPLAY IMAGE

The following chart is the coordinates of per pixel

GA= G DATA GB=G DATA

BA= B DATA BB=B DATA

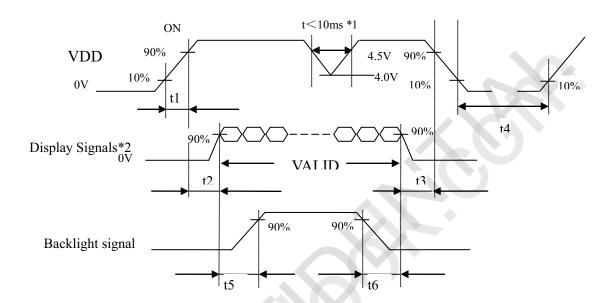
_	D(1,	1)		D(2,1	1)				1/2/
	RA	GA	ВА	RB	GB	ВВ			
_				1					
	D(	(1,1)		D(2,1)		D(3,1	1)	\\	D(1440,1)
	D(	(1,2)		D(2,2)		D(3,2	2)		D(1440,2)
	D(	(1,3)		D(2,3)		D(3,3	3)		D(1440,3)
		•		•		•			•
		•		•		•		•••	•
		•		•				•••	•
	D(1	,900)		0(2,900	)	D(2,90	00)	•••	D(1440,900)



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### 9.4. POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

# 9.4.1 The sequence of backlight and power



# Timing Specifications:

t1 0.47ms<t1 <10ms

t2 0.5 ms<t2 <50ms

t3 0ms<t3 <50ms

t4 >1000ms

t5 >500ms

t6 >200ms

- \*1. When VDD is on, but the value is lower than 4.5V, a protection circuit may work, then the module may not display.
- \*2 The signal line is not connected with the module, at the end of cable the terminal resistor of 10@ should be added.

Note1: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CK+/-) must be "0" voltage, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram). If these signals are higher than 0.3 V, the internal circuit is damaged.

> If some of display signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If customer stops the display signals, they should cut VDD.

Note2: When VDD is on, it should be set above 4.0V.

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Note3: The backlight power supply voltage should be inputted within the valid period of display and

function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

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9.4.2 Power supply voltage ripple

When the power supply is designed, the next form can give the reference. If the voltage ripple is over the value in next form, the noise should be seen in display area.

Ripple (Measured at input terminal of power supply)

	VDD (5V to drive the panel)
Ripple voltage	≤150mVP-P (Including spike noise)

### 9.4.3 Fuse

Doromotor	Fuse	)	Doting	Fusing ourrent	Domorko
Parameter	Туре	Supplier	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
VDD	F0603FA2000V032T	AEM	2A 32V		

Note1: There are different power supply systems from the power input terminal. The power supply capacity should be less than the fusing current. If the power supply capacity is above the fusing current, the fuse may blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoking and so on may occur.



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# **10. OPTIC**

# 10.1 Optical characteristics

Note1, Note2

							NOIET,	
Parameter I	Note1	Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
		White at center						
Luminan	ice	θR=0°, θL=0°, θU=0°,	L	160	200	-	cd/ m <sup>2</sup>	-
		θD=0°						
		White/Black at center						
Contrast r	ratio	θR=0°, θL=0°, θU=0°,	CR	(420)	600	-	-	Note3
		θD=0°						
		White						
Luminance ur	niformity	θR=0°, θL=0°, θU=0°,	LU	-	1.25	(1.33)	-	Note4
		θD=0						
	White	X coordinate	Wx	0.283	0.313	0.343	-	
	vvriite	Y coordinate	Wy	0.299	0.329	0.359	-	
	Dad	X coordinate	Rx	0.617	0.647	0.677	-	
Chromaticity Red		Y coordinate	Ry	0.310	0.340	0.370	-	
Chromaticity	0	X coordinate	Gx	0.253	0.283	0.313	-	
	Green	Y coordinate	Gy	0.574	0.604	0.634	-	Note5
	Dive	X coordinate	Bx	0.113	0.143	0.173	-	
	Blue	Y coordinate	Ву	0.037	0.067	0.097	-	
		θR=0°, θL=0°, θU=0°,						
Color gar	mut	θD=0	С	-	72	-	%	
		At center, against NTSC						
		White to black	Ton	-	1.3	(2.6)	ms	NeteC
Response	time	ne Black to white		-	3.7	(7.4)	ms	Note6 Note7
	Ton+ Toff		-	-	5	(10)	ms	NOIE/
	Right	θU=0°, θD=0°, CR≥10	θR	-	45	-	0	
Viewing	Left	θU=0°, θD=0°, CR≥10	θL	-	45	-	o	Note8
angle	Up	θR=0°, θL=0°, CR≥10	θU	-	25	-	o	inotes
	Down	θR=0°, θL=0°, CR≥10	θD	-	45	-	0	

Note1: The values in upper table are only initial characteristics.

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Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VDD= 5.0V, IBL= 6.5mArms/lamp, Display mode: WXGA+,

Horizontal cycle=55.56KHz, Vertical cycle=60.0Hz

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 30minutes from working the product in the dark room. Also measurement method for luminance is as follows.

follows.

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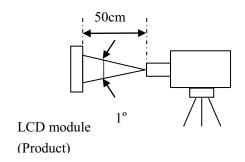
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Luminance Meter (TOPCON BM-5A)
Spectroradiometer (TOPCON SR-3)

Note 3: See "10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note 4: See "10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note 5: CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram Standard.

Note 6: Product surface temperature: TopF = 33.0 °C

Note 7: See "10.4 Definition of response time".

Note 8: See "10.5 Definition of viewing angle".

### 10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

Contrast ratio (CR) = <u>Luminance of white screen</u>

Luminance of black screen

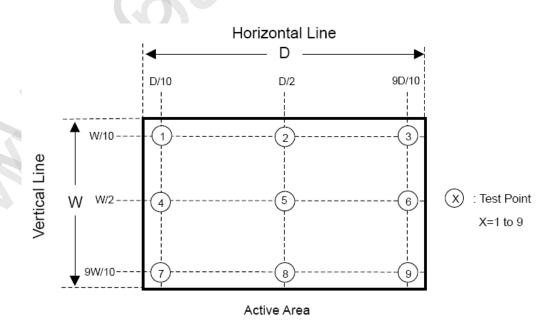
# 10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using the following formula.

Luminance uniformity (LU) = Maximum luminance from ① to ②

Minimum luminance from ① to ③

The luminance is measured at near the 9 points shown below.





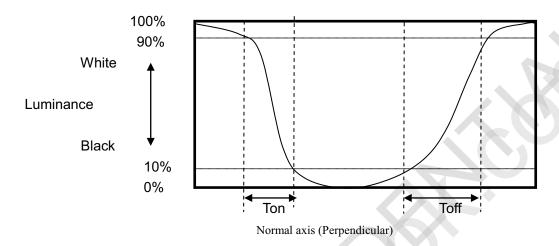


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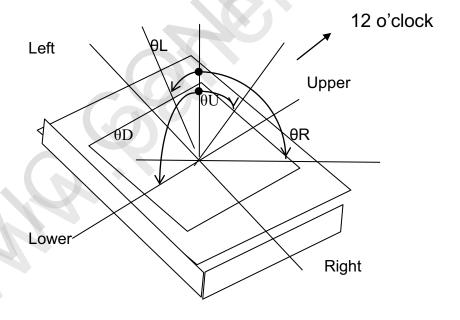
# 10.4 Definition of response times

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Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90%. (See the following diagram.)



# 10.5 Definition of viewing angles







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# 11. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test items	Condition
High temperature and	① 50±2°C,RH=85%,240hours
humidity(Operation)	②Display data is black Note1
	① 55±3°C1hours
	② 0±3°C1hours
High /Low temperature (Operation)	High temperature  Low temperature
	③ 50cycles
	Display data is black
	① -20±3°C30minutes
Thermal shock	60±3°C30minutes
(Non operation)	② 100cycles,1hour/cycle
	3 Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.
	① 150Pf,150 $\Omega$ ,±2,4;6;8kV (contact)
ESD	② $150\text{Pf},150\Omega,\pm2,4;8;15\text{kV}$ (non contact)
(operation)	3 7 places on a panel surface(contact)
	4 10 times each place at 1 sec interval Note2
7.11	① 5-100-5Hz, Sine wave, acceleration of 11.76m/s <sup>2</sup>
Vibration	② 50 cycle
(Non operation)	③ X,Y,Z direction
	4) 1 time each direction
Mechanical shock	① 294 m/s², 11ms
(Non operation)	② ±X, ±Y, ±Z direction ③ 3 times each direction
	①Type: JIS Z—8901, 15 types
Dirt experiment	②Cycle: 1Hour
	③Times:15s every time
	4 Light on by BL
7 2	①room tempetature (SFT Series ) $55\pm5\% \text{ (TN Series)}$
Latting chasshaand	2 chessboard and top left corner black pattern
Lattice chessboard	③inspection time: occur: 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 7, 24 (0.5, 1, 4, 7, 24, 48)
	resume: 0.5, 2, 4, 7, 24, 48 (0.5, 2, 7, 24, 48)
	() time specially for TN series
T	① room tempetature
Imaging stick	② chessboard pattern
	③ 12Hours(ertra),30minutes judge





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Low pressur	re	① 15Kpa (Equivalent to altitude 13,600m)
(Non operation	on)	② -20℃, 60℃, 24hours
Low pressure	operation	<ol> <li>53.3kPa (Equivalent to altitude 5,100m)</li> <li>0°C, 55°C,24hours</li> <li>Display data is black</li> </ol>

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.







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### 12. MARKINGS

The various markings are attached to this product. See "11.2 INDECATION LOCATIONS" for attachment positions.



Note1: The meaning of OEM number, Example: S190M50A12SA1SA109A0001

S190M50A

12

SA1SA1

09A

<u>0001</u>

Module Number

Source & Gate

Location Line#

Date code

Serial Number

**Driver IC Code** 

#### Date code:

1st Character Year Codes

Month	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	So on
Code	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

### 2nd Character Month Codes

Ī	Month	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
ĺ	Code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

### 3rd Character Day Codes

Day         1st         2nd         3rd         4th         5th         6th         7th         8th         9th         10th         11st         12nd           Code         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9         A         B         C													
Code         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9         A         B         C	Day	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11st	12nd
	Code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	C

_												
	13rd	14th	15th	16th	17th	18th	19th	20th	21st	22nd	23rd	24th
	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	K	L	M	N	P	Q

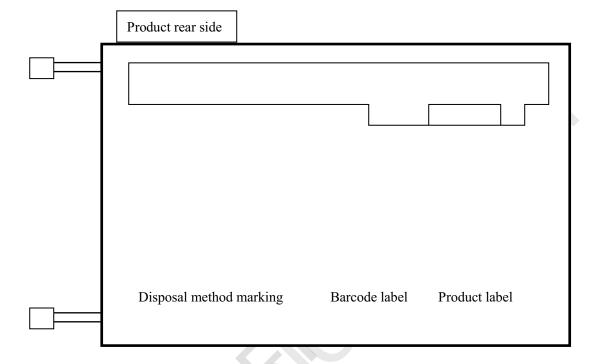
25th	26th	27th	28th	29th	30th	31st
R	S	T	U	V	W	X

Note2: Do not attach anything such as label and so on, on the product label! In case repair the product, AVIC needs the contents of product label such as the lot number, inspection date and so on, to identify the warranty period with individual product. If AVIC cannot decipher the contents of product label, such repair shall be entitled to charge. Also AVIC may give a new lot number to reconditioned products.





# 12.2 INDICATION LOCATIONS





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# 13. PACKING, TRANSPORTATION AND DELIVERY

AVIC will pack products to deliver to customer in accordance with AVIC packing specifications, and will deliver products to customer in such a state that products will not suffer from a damage during transportation .The delivery conditions are as follows.

### 13.1 PACKING

- (1) Packing box
- 8 products are packed up with the maximum in a packing box(See "12.5 OUTLINE FIGURE FOR PACKING").

Products are put into a plastic bag for prevention of moisture with cushion, and then the bag is sealed up with heat sealing.

The type name and quality are shown on outside of the packing box, either labeling or printing.

- (2) Pallet Packing (See"12.5 OUTLINE FIGURE FOR PACKING ")
  - ① Packing boxes are tired on a cardboard pallet (8 boxes×4 tiers maximum)
  - ② Cardboard sleeve and top cap are attached to the packing boxes, then they are fixed by a band.

### 13.2 INSPECTION RECORD SHEET

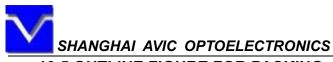
Inspection record sheets are included in the packing box with delivery products to customer. It is summarized to a number of products for pass/fail assessment.

### 13.3 TRANSPORTATION

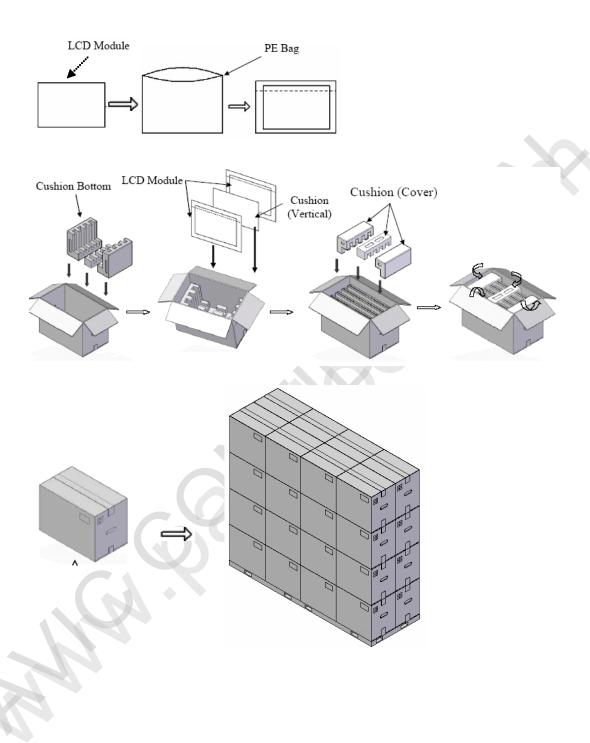
The product is transported by vehicle, aircraft or shipment in the state of pallet packing.

#### 13.4 SIZE AND WEIGHT FOR PACKING BOX

Parameter	Packing box	Unit	
Size	485 (L) × 280 (W) × 330 (H) (typ.)	mm	
Weight	1.9 (typ.)	kg	
Total weight	16.5 (typ.) (with 8 products)	kg	



### 13.5 OUTLINE FIGURE FOR PACKING





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### 14. PRECAUTIONS

#### 14.1 MEANING OF CUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning .Be sure to read "9.2 CAUTIONS" and "9.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding these contents!



This sign have the meaning that customer will be injured by himself or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will get an electrical shock, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself, if customer has wrong operations.

# **14.2 CAUTIONS**



Do not touch lamp cables while turn on .Customers will be in danger of an electric shock



- \* Do not touch the working backlight and IC. Customers will be in danger of burn injury.
- \* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass.(shock :To be not greater 294m/s² and to be not greater 11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6N)

# 14.3 ATTENTIONS



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#### 13.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touch the circuit board when customer pulls out products (LCD modules) from inner packing box. If customer touches it, products may be broken down or out of adjustment, because of stress to mounting parts.
- ② Do not hook cables nor pull connection cables such as flexible cable and so on , for fear of damage.
- 3 If customer puts down the product temporarily, the product puts on flat subsoil as a display side turns down.
- 4 Take the measures of electrostatic discharge such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, when customer deal with the product, because products may be damaged by electrostatic.

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- (5) The torque for mounting screws must never exceed 0.34N-m. Higher torque values might result in distortion of the bezel.
- 6 The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area) except mounting hole portion.
- Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion except mounting hole portion
   may cause display un-uniformity.
- ® Do not press or rub on the sensitive display surface .lf customer clean on the panel surface, AVIC recommends using the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for LCD.
- Do not push-pull the interface connectors while the product is working, because wrong power sequence may break down the product.
- ① Do not bend or unbend the lamp cable at the near part of the lamp holding rubber, to avoid the damage for high voltage side of the lamp. This damage may cause a lamp breaking and abnormal operation of high voltage circuit.

#### 13.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in antistatic pouch in room temperature, because of avoidance for dusts and sunlight, if customer stores the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after leave under the environment of an unpacking room temperature enough. Because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environment temperature and humidity, evaluate the leaving time sufficiently. (Recommendation leaving time: 6 hour or more with packing state)
- 3 Do not operate in a high magnetic field .Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- 4 This product is not designed as radiation hardened.
- ⑤ Use an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer). Adhesive type protection sheet should be avoided, because it may change color or properties of the polarizer.

### 14.3.3 Characteristics

### The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- 1 ambient temperature.
- ② The LCD may be seemed luminance non-uniformity, flicker, vertical seam or small spot by display patterns.
- ③ Optical characteristics (e.g. luminance, display uniformity, etc.) gradually is going to change depending on operating time ,and especially low temperature, because the LCD has cold cathode fluorescent lamps.
- ④ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking .Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- (5) The display color may be changed by viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- 6 Optical characteristics may be changed by input signal timings.



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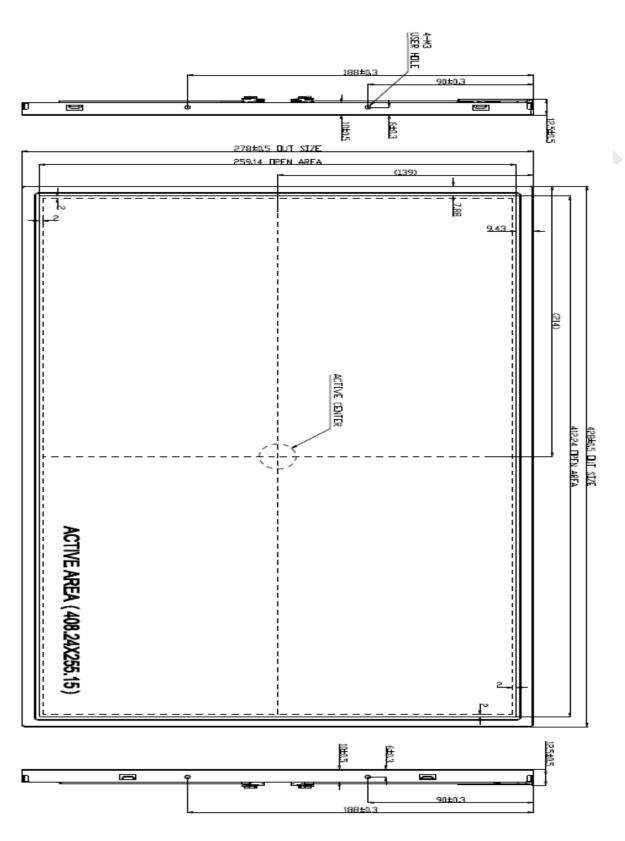
The interference noise of input signal frequency for this product and luminance control frequency of customer's backlight inverter may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of backlight inverter so that the interference noise doses not appear.

### 14.4 Other

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without a non-connected line.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust volume without permission of AVIC.
- 3 Pay attention not to insert waste materials inside of products, if customer uses screw nails.
- Pack the product with original shipping package, because of avoidance of some damages during transportation, when customer returns it to AVIC for repair and so on .
- (5) Not only the module but also the equipment should be packed and transported as the module. becomes vertical .Otherwise, there is the fear that a display dignity decreases by an impact or vibrations.



# 15. OUTDRAWING







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